EOSC Future

The EOSC Environment – a system of systems approach

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The way we do science will change, because it is needed, and because we can

- The current publication system is not sustainable
 - Serials crisis in publishing; many publications have zero citations;
 - Multiple research outputs (data, software, intermediate results)
 - Lack of Reproducibility & Fraud
 - Need for faster circulation of knowledge, at increasing speed
 - Declining trust; science is a black box
- Data explosion
- Sustainable development goals
 - Solve complex scientific and societal problems
- Because we can
 - due to digitisation and internet





EC Open Science Strategy

- Changing business models for publishing
- FAIR Open Data
- European Open Science Cloud (EOSC)
- Research Integrity
- Citizen Science
- Reward System
- New Metrics
- Open Education and Skills



EOSC



"We will create a pool of interlinked information, a 'web of research data'. Every researcher will be able to better use not only their own data but also those of others" Ursula von der Leyen

World Economic Forum, 2020

- EC investments
 - > 400 M€ in EOSC related projects (HPC, OpenAIRE, EOSC-HUB, Science Clusters, ...)
 - One of 5 Destinations in EC Work Programme on Research Infrastructures
- Governance
 - Preparations on governance 2019-20 (EOSC Secretariat)

Web of Research Data & Related Services

EOSC Association (AISBL) in 2021:
EC Partnership (incl. MS/AC via a Steering Board), Membership Organisation





a collection of systems that pool their resources and capabilities to create a new, more complex system which offers more functionality and performance than simply the sum of the constituent systems

Characteristics

- 1. Each system can **operate independently** of other systems
- 2. Each system has its **own policies** and management
- 3. The SoS is not pre-specified completely but is developed in an evolutionary way
- 4. SoS characteristics (e.g., compliance, reliability) are **emergent** so that they only become understandable when the SoS is integrated
- 5. The SoS are not co-located but may be **widely distributed**, which may cause operational problems
- 6. The different systems in a SoS are likely to be built using different hardware and software technologies finding ways of working together
- 7. Typically, the **size of the databases** in the SoS exceeds the code size by one or more orders of magnitude – hence it is not only a software engineering problem but also a data management problem and an engineering problem

Governance

- 1. Directed = Organisational (governance by one organisation, multiple managers)
- 2. Collaborative = Federated (governance by different organisations, but agree on overall purpose, participation in a governing body)
- 3. Virtual = Coalitions (no central governance, participants may not agree on the overall purpose)

Source: Ian Sommerville, www.slideshare.net/sommerville-videos









- EOSC Platform
 - EOSC Core & EOSC Exchange
 - Interoperability Framework [standards & guidelines]
- Data Content & Services
 - Science Clusters
 - e-Infra Services [computing, storage, networks]
 - 3rd party services
- Communities
 - Engagement
 - Training & Skills







EOSC Core, Exchange and Interoperability Framework



