



Easy quantum resource access for EOSC users

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Outline

- Quantum computing problems
- Available hardware
- Programming SDKs, Frameworks
- Reference Architecture for cloud users
- EGI Notebook service integration

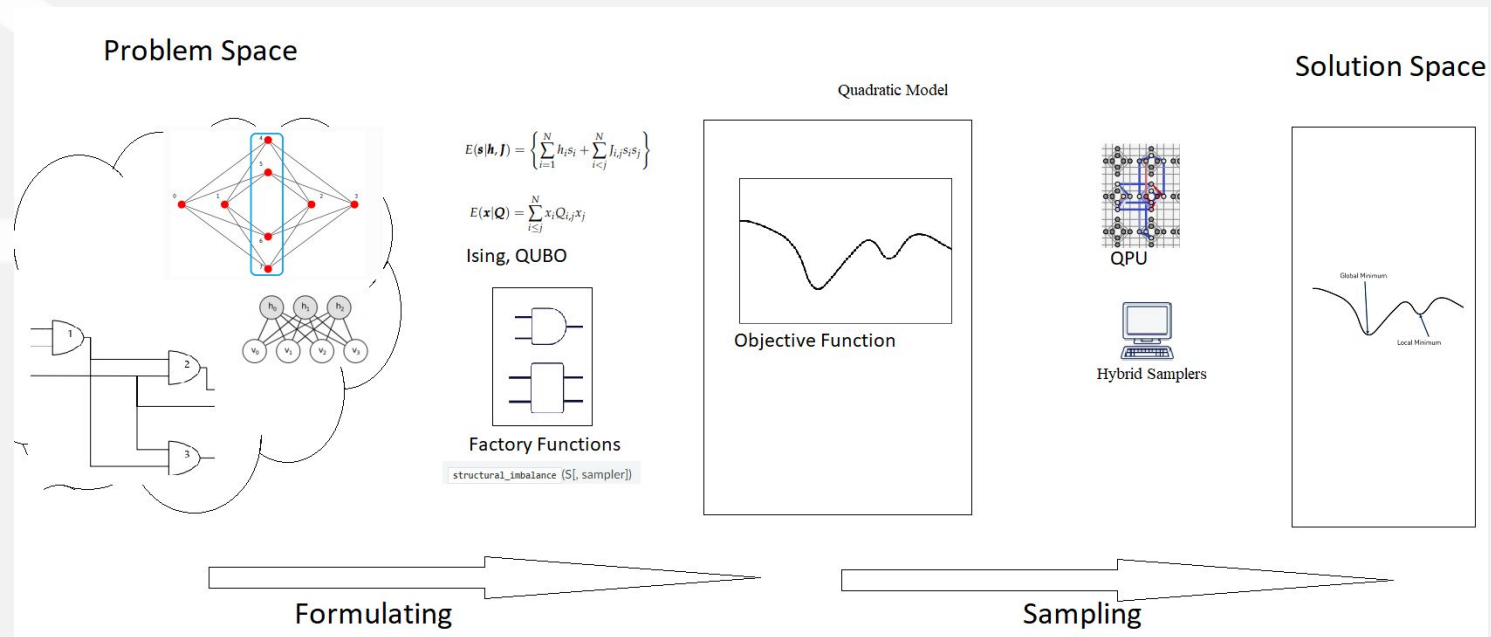
Quantum computing problems

- In traditional computing functions are created to perform some sort of calculation, which is translated to CPU code to alter the registers of the CPU and the content of the memory
- Quantum computing follows different paradigms:
 - Quantum annealing problem solving (e.g. D-Wave)
 - Quantum circuits, based on quantum gates (e.g. IonQ),



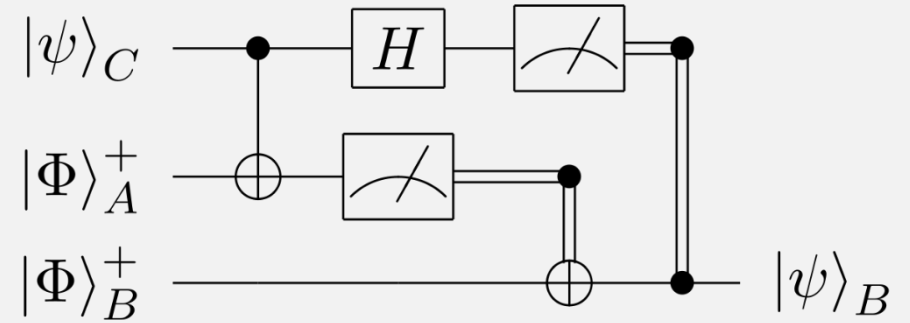
Quantum annealing: D-Wave approach

- Instead of solving a problem programmatically, we are defining an objective function for the problem in an adequate format, where the global minimum of the function represents the best solution for the problem
- Use the quantum hardware to find a global minimum for the objective function through sampling/solving
- https://docs.ocean.dwavesys.com/en/stable/overview/solving_problems.html



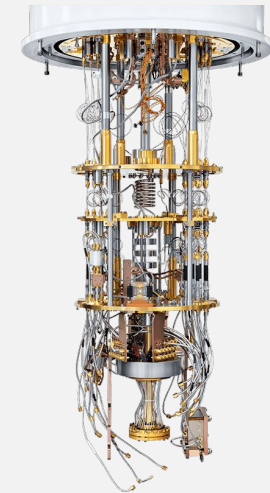
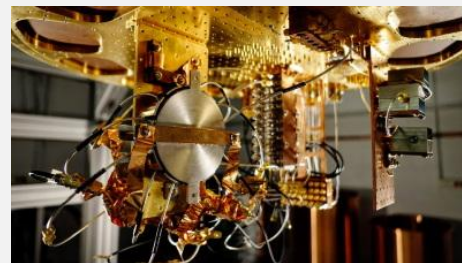
Quantum circuits

- Qiskit definition: „A quantum circuit is a computational routine consisting of coherent quantum operations on quantum data, such as qubits, and concurrent real-time classical computation. It is an ordered sequence of quantum gates, measurements and resets, all of which may be conditioned on and use data from the real-time classical computation.”



- Implementations:

- IonQ
- Rigetti
- Oxford Quantum Circuits
- IBM
- Google



Quantum hardware providers

- D-Wave:
 - Annealing systems
 - Provided through D-Wave Leap
 - Simulator available
- Amazon Braket:
 - Annealing systems: D-Wave
 - Gate-based systems: IonQ, Rigetti, Oxford Quantum Circuits
 - Simulator available for gate-based systems
- IBM:
 - Gate-based systems
 - Simulator available
- Azure:
 - Gate-based systems: IonQ, Rigetti, Oxford Quantum Circuits
 - Simulator available
- Google



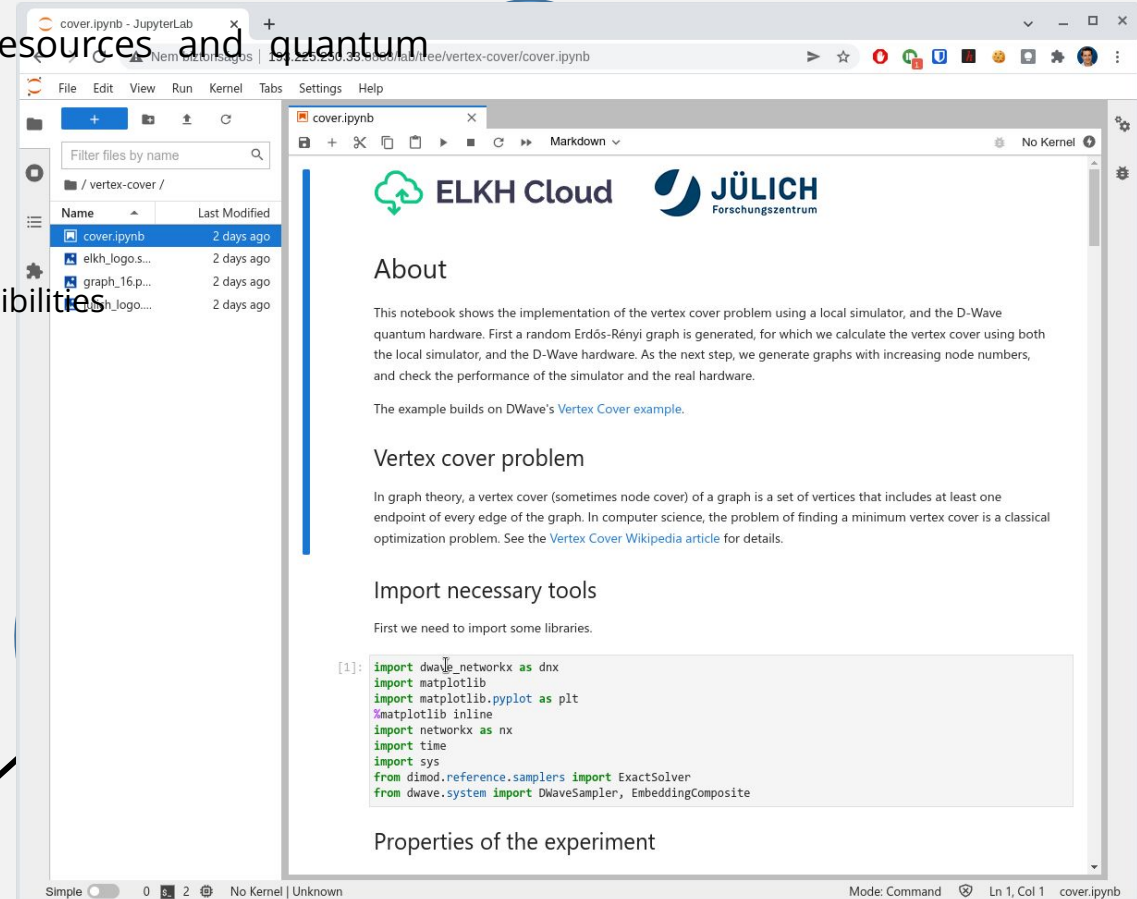
Programming SDKs, Frameworks

- Providers offer their SDKs for easy access:
 - D-Wave: Ocean SDK (Python)
 - Amazon: AWS Braket SDK (Python)
 - IBM: Qiskit (Python)
 - Azure: Quantum Development Kit (Q#, Qiskit, Cirq)
 - Google: Cirq (Python)
- Frameworks enabling the adaptation of quantum paradigm:
 - PennyLane: Differentiable programming, Machine learning, Quantum chemistry
 - Qiskit: Machine learning, Finance, Optimization, Nature
 - Strawberry Fields: Graph algorithms, Machine learning, Chemistry



QuickStart reference architecture for cloud users

- Aim: offer a reference architecture for cloud users which allows the quick startup for experimenting with quantum computing, using cloud resources and quantum simulators/hardware
- Implemented as a set of containers including features:
 - Jupyter Lab for easy code editing and execution
 - Apache Spark cluster for demonstration of multiple solution possibilities
 - Prepared examples
- Included SDKs, Frameworks:
 - D-Wave Ocean SDK
 - Amazon Braket SDK
 - PennyLane
 - Qiskit
- Startup possibilities:
 - Docker Compose
 - Kubernetes

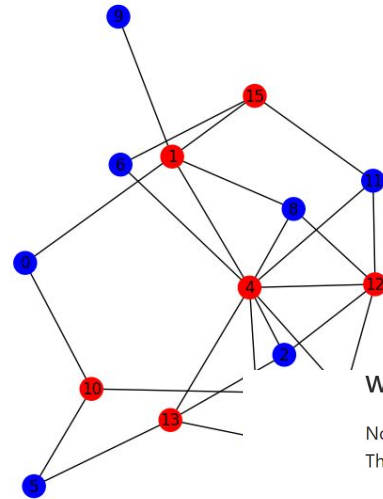


Reference Architecture examples

- A set of examples are offered
- For D-Wave resources:
 - **Minimum vertex cover**
 - Point clustering
 - EV charger placement
 - Logic gate simulation
 - Quadratic Model examples
- Using IBM Qiskit:
 - **Deutsch-Jozsa algorithm**

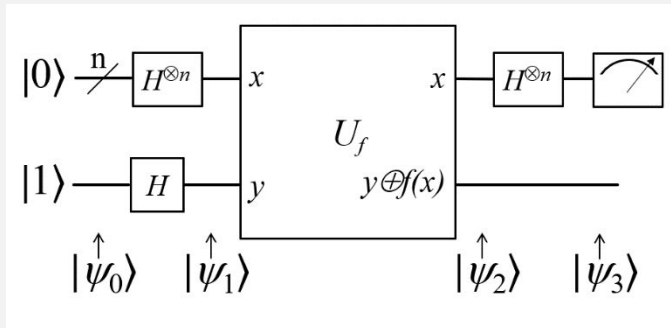
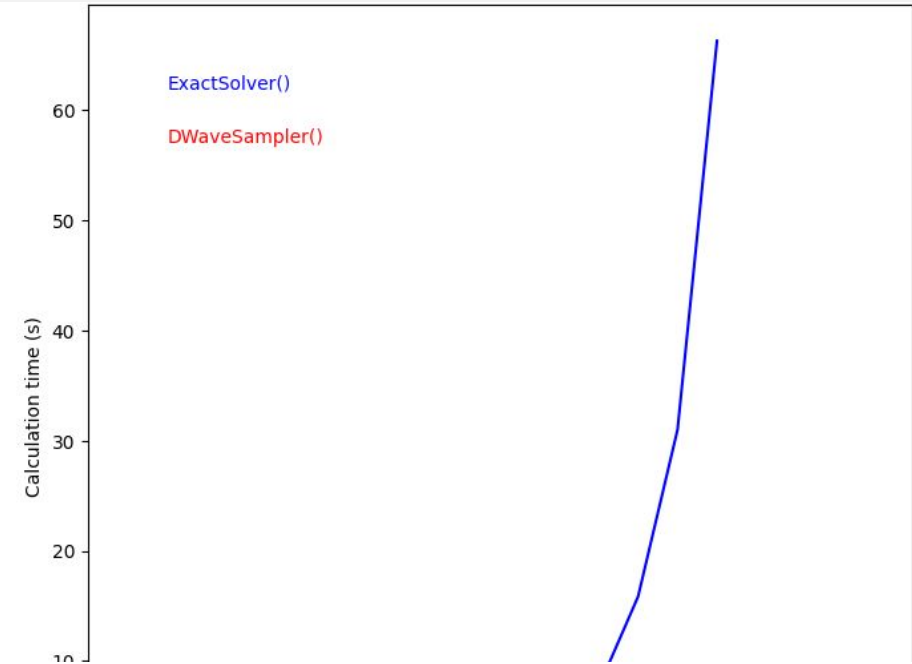
```
In [8]: (time_c, solution_c) = run_sampler(G, sampler_c, pos, True)
        print('Achieved solution in %f seconds using sampler DWaveSampler: %r' % (time_c, :

Out [8]: Achieved solution in 7.775081 seconds using sampler DWaveSampler: [1, 4, 10, 12, 1
```

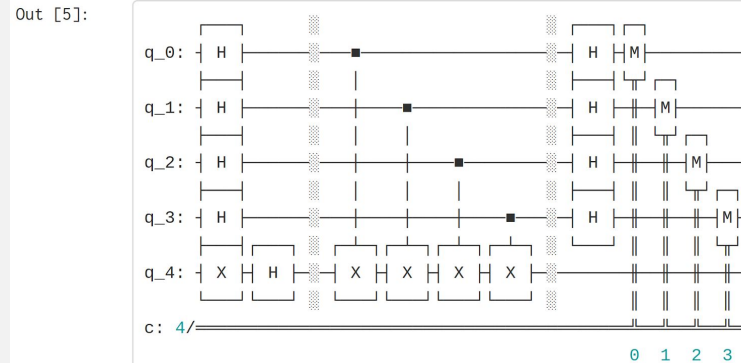


Wrap oracle to implement the Deutsch-Jozsa algorithm

Now we have the oracle function. As next step, we're embedding it into an other circuit which implements the Deutsch-Jozsa algorithm. The `algorithm` module has a helper function for this. The returned circuit can be examined as well.

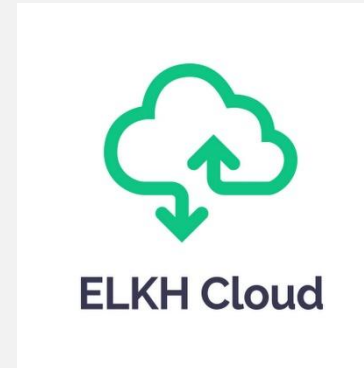


```
In [5]: dj_circuit = algorithms.gen_dj(oracle)
        print(dj_circuit)
```

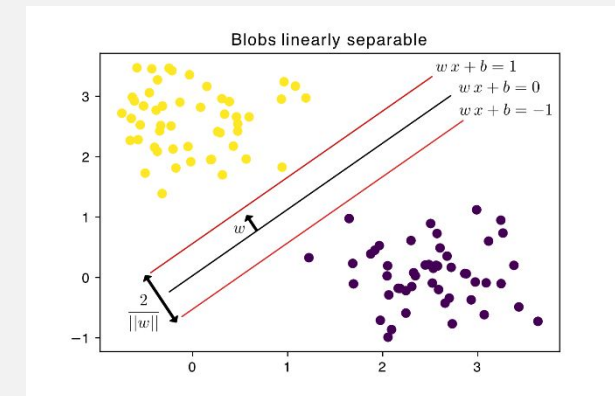


Usage, exploitation possibilities

- Offered for interested ELKH Cloud users
- Experiment with manufacturing-related problems in the CO-VERSATILE project, and Hungarian TKP NKTA programs
- Implement Quantum Support Vector Machine algorithms inside the Hungarian Artificial Intelligence National Laboratory (MILAB)



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE
National Laboratory



EGI Notebook service integration

- A browser-based tool for interactive analysis of data using EGI storage and compute services
- Accessible through <https://notebooks.egi.eu/hub/login>
- Adding quantum resource access to EGI Notebooks:
 - Ongoing work
 - SDKs and frameworks offered by the quantum reference architecture will be included
 - Examples downloaded on demand
- Results:
 - Quantum resources will be accessible for EOSC users
 - Local simulators usable right from within the Notebook server started for a user
 - External access credentials are still required to compute using real quantum hardware



Interested?

- Check out the reference architecture, try it for yourself:

<https://git.sztaki.hu/science-cloud/reference-architectures/quantum>

- If you have a fitting problem, don't hesitate to contact!
- Any feedback welcome:

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THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

www.sztaki.hu